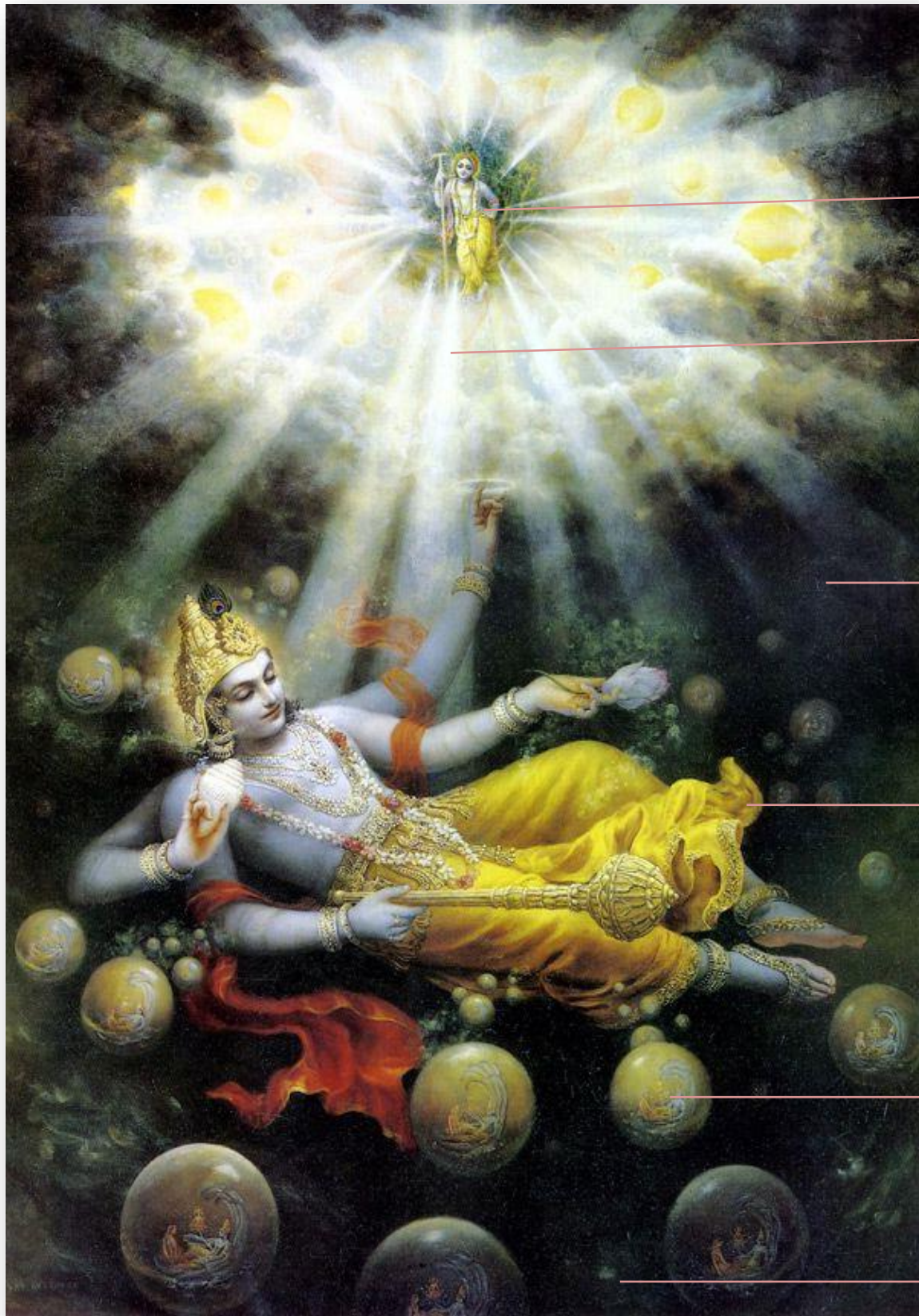


Origin of Creation



→ **Krishna**

→ **Brahmajyoti**

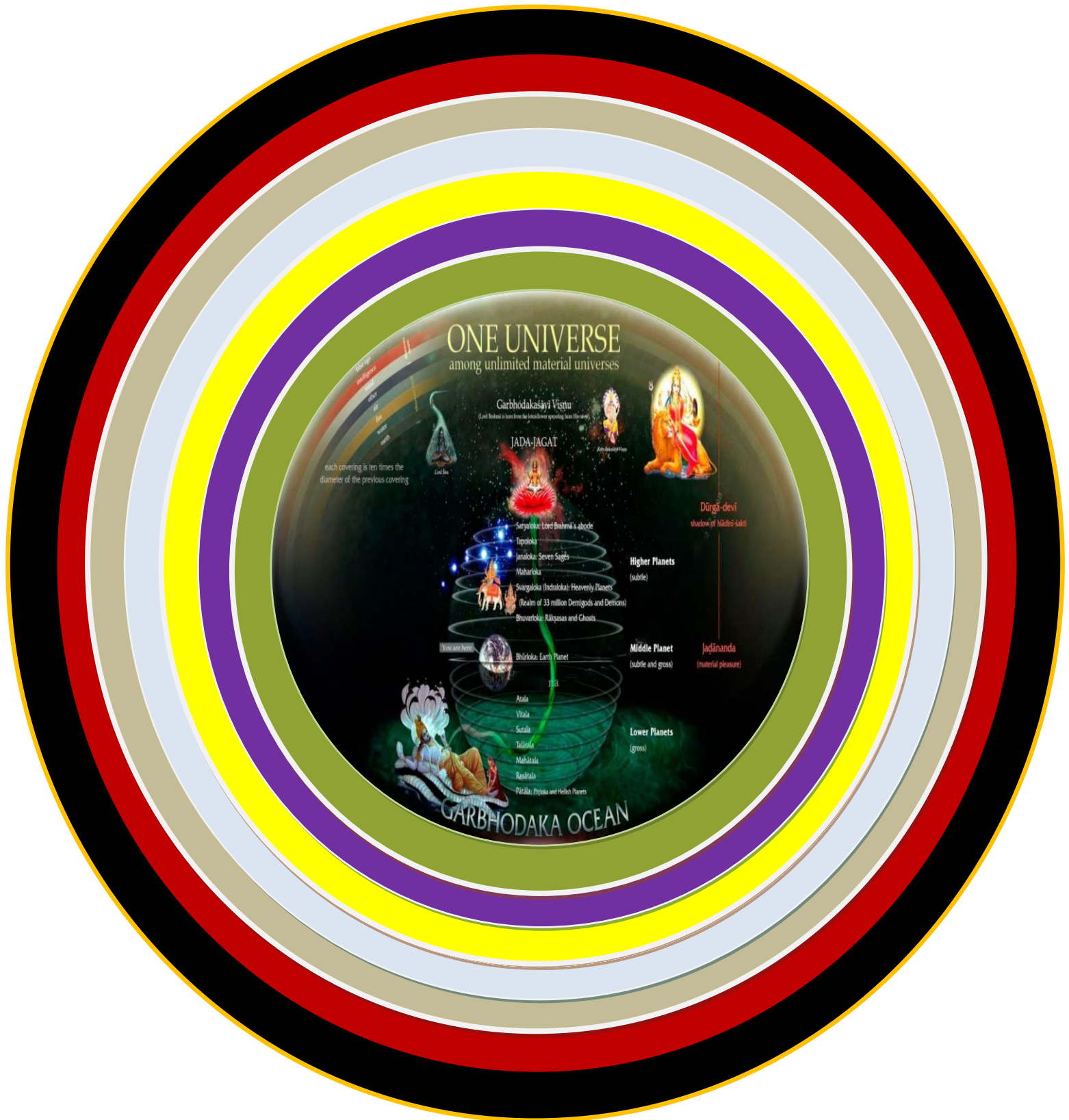
→ **Mahat-tattva**

→ **Maha-Visnu**

→ **Universe**

→ **Causal
Ocean**

Fig:1 – Coverings of Universe



- | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|
|  Earth |  Fire |  Ether |  Mahat-tattva |
|  Water |  Air |  False Ego | |

Table:1

SL. No.	Coverings	Distance
1	Inner Shell	$4 * 10^9$ Miles
2	Earth	$4 * 10^{10}$ Miles
3	Water	$4 * 10^{11}$ Miles
4	Fire	$4 * 10^{12}$ Miles
5	Air	$4 * 10^{13}$ Miles
6	Ether	$4 * 10^{14}$ Miles
7	False Ego	$4 * 10^{15}$ Miles
8	Mahat-tattva	$4 * 10^{16}$ Miles

1 Miles = 1.6KM

Fig:2 – Description of fourteen Planetary System

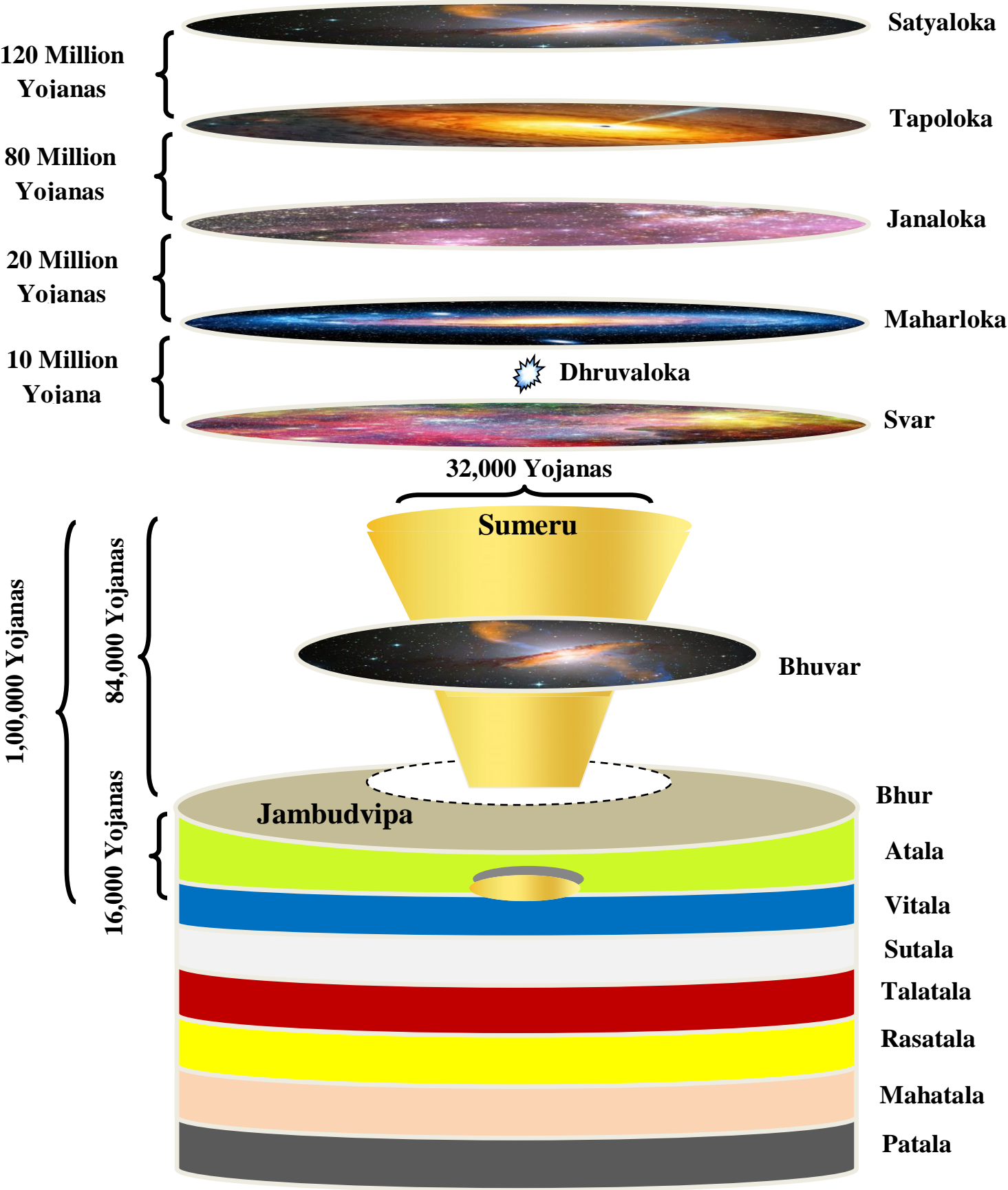
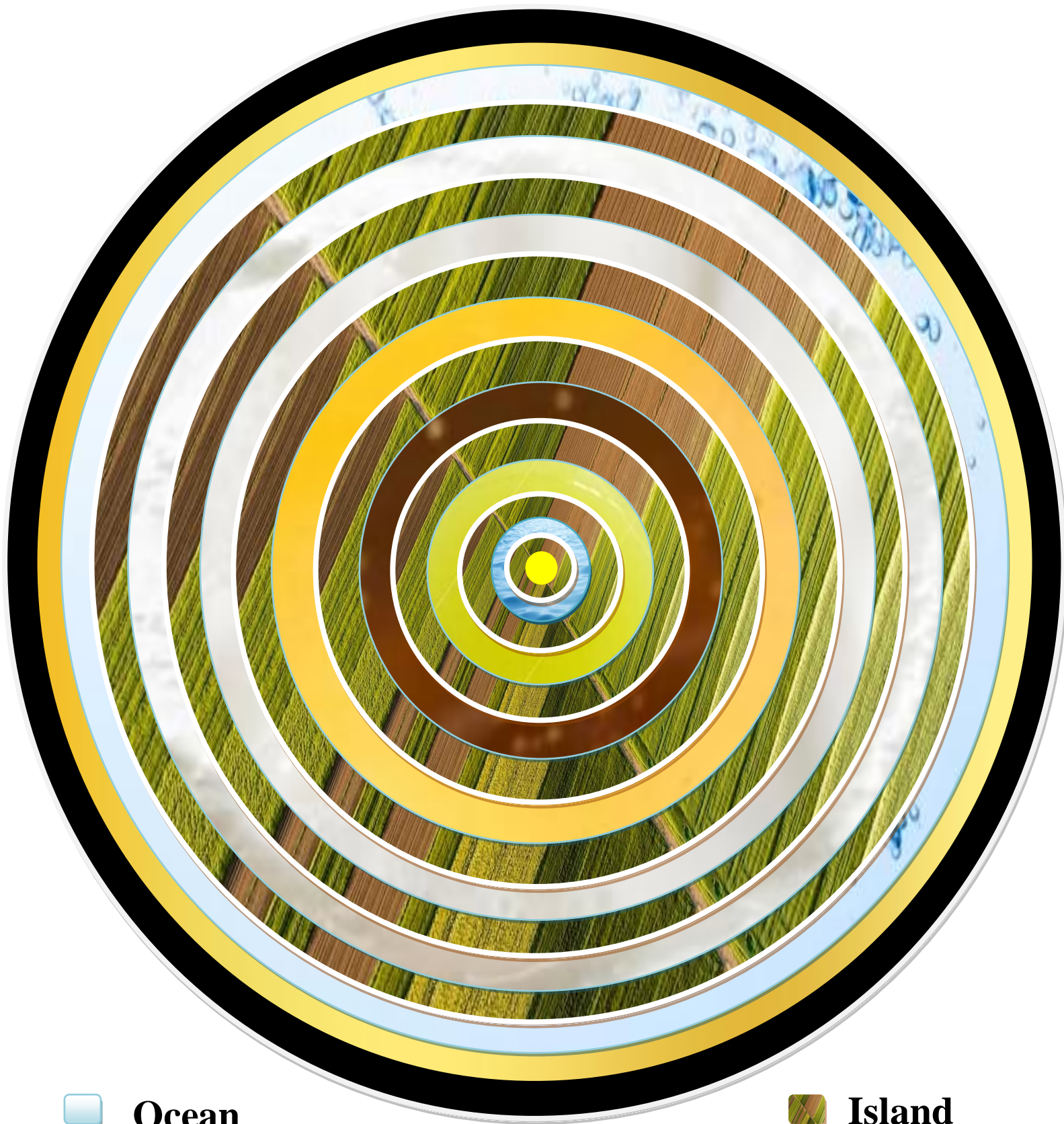


Fig:3 – Bhurloka(its seven oceans & seven islands



Ocean



Island



Lokaloka Mountain



Aloka Mountain

Table:2 – Description of Bhurloka

SL. No.	Island (Dvipa)	Size	Ocean	Size	Ruler (7 sons of Maharaj Priyavrata)
1	Jambu	X=0.1MY	Salt	X=0.1MY	Agnidhra
2	Plaksa	2x=0.2MY	Sugarcane	2x=0.2MY	Idhmajivha
3	Salmali	4x=0.4MY	Liquor	4x=0.4MY	Yajnabahu
4	Kusa	8x=0.8MY	Ghee	8x=0.8MY	Hiranyareta
5	Kraunca	16x=0.16MY	Milk	16x=0.16MY	Dhrtapristha
6	Saka	32x=0.32MY	Yogurt	32x=0.32MY	Medhatithi
7	Puskara	64x=0.64MY	Tastful Water	64x=0.64MY	Bitihata

1 Yojana = 8 Miles = 12.8KM

Fig:4 – Parts of Jambudvipa

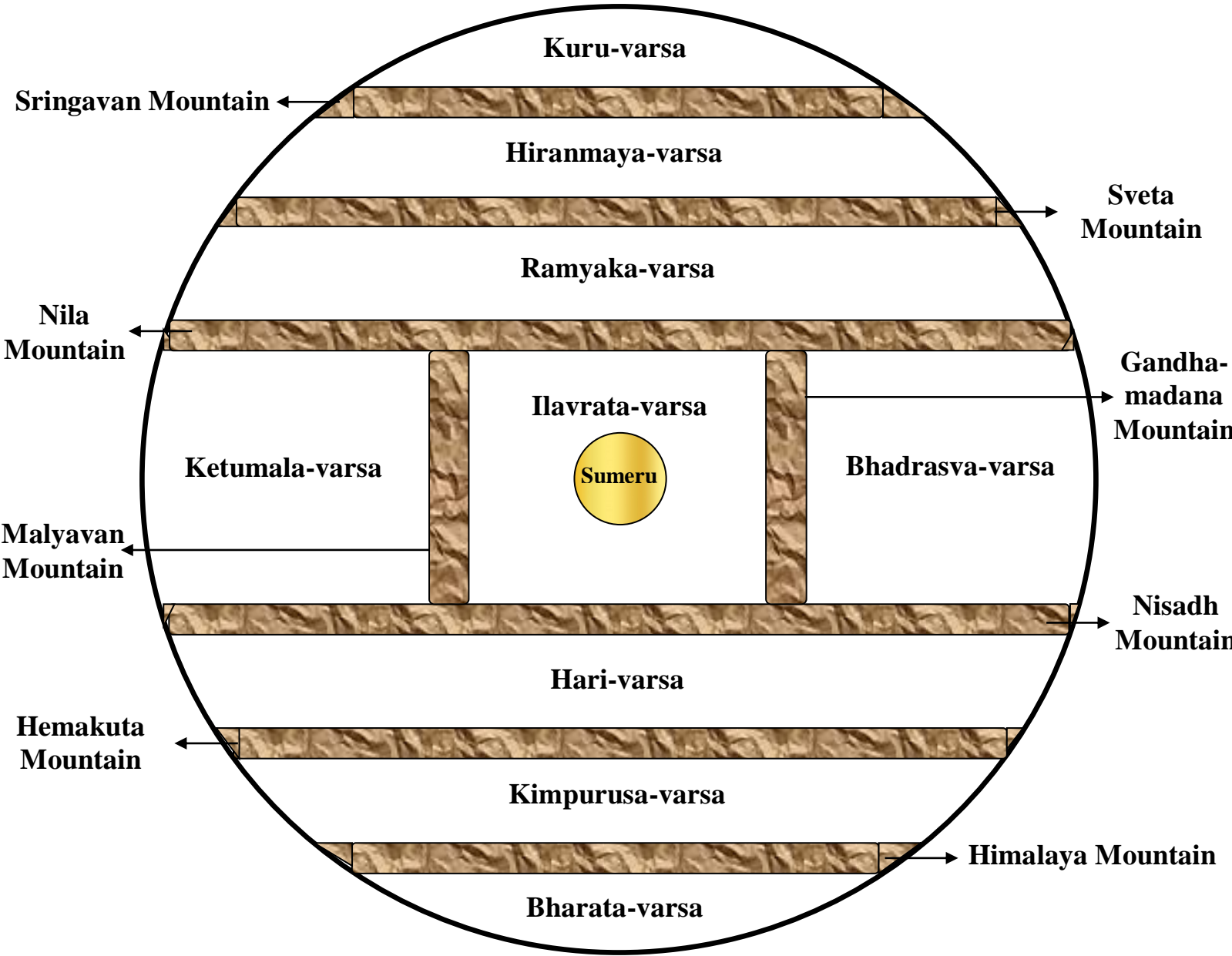
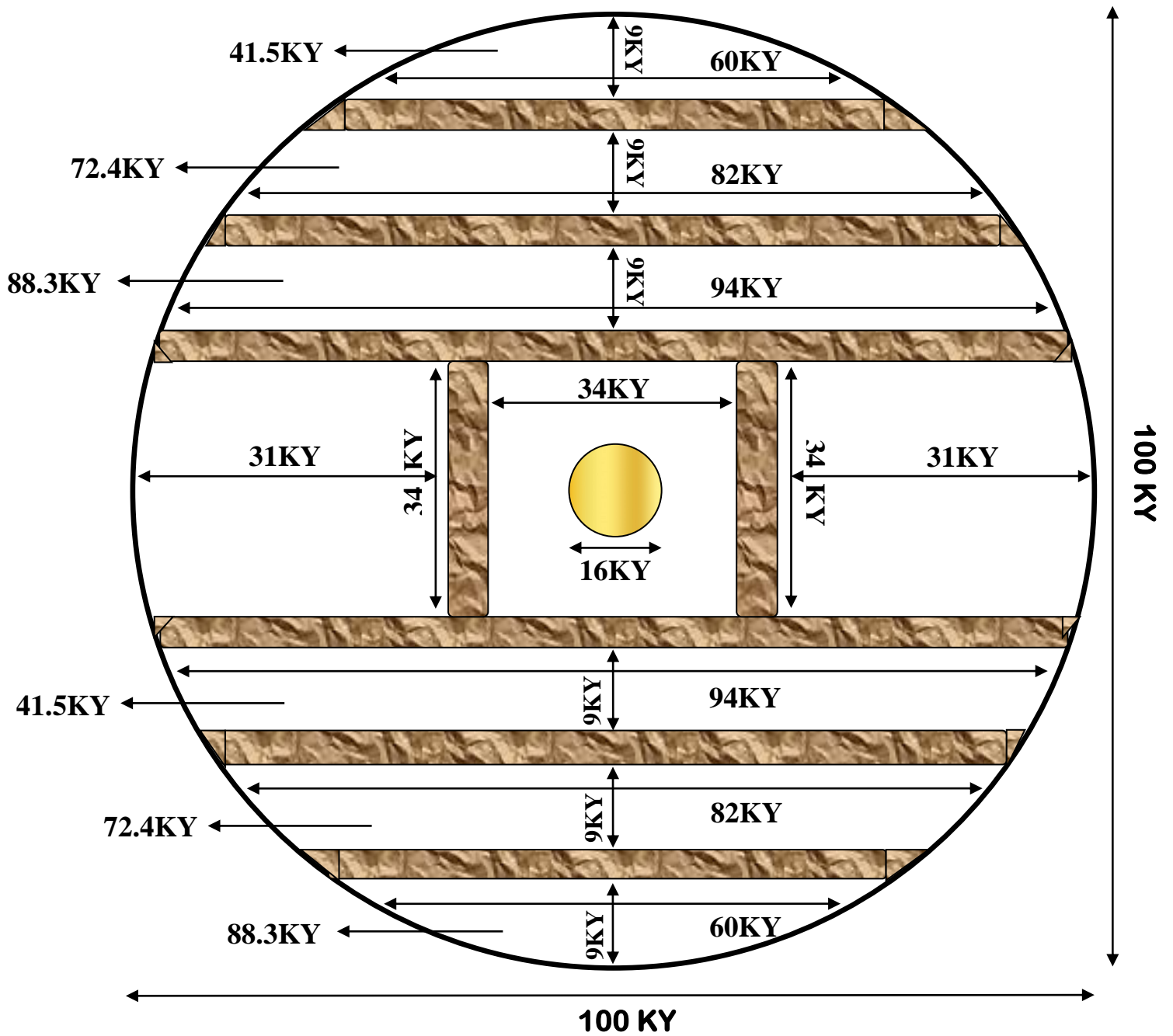


Table-3 – Description of jambudvipa

Sl.No.	Rulers	Varsas	Worshippable Diety
1	Bhadrasrava	Bhadrasva-varsa	Lord Hayasirsa
2	Prahlada Maharaj	Hari-varsa	Nrsimhadeva
3	Prajapati Samvatsara	Ketumala-varsa	Kamadeva
4	Lord Shiva	Ilavrata-varsa	Lord Sankarsana
5	Vaivasvata manu	Ramyaka-varsa	Lord Matsya
6	Aryama	Hiranmaya-varsa	Kurmadeva
7	Mother Eath	Kuru-varsa	Varahadeva
8	Hanuman & Arstisena	Kimpurusa-varsa	Sri Ram
9	Narada muni	Bharata-varsa	Nara-Narayana

Fig:5 – Measurements of Jambudvipa



1KY = 1000 Yojanas



Height of all Mountains = 10,000 Yojanas



Width of all Mountains = 2,000 Yojanas

Fig:6 – Parts of Ilavrata-varsa

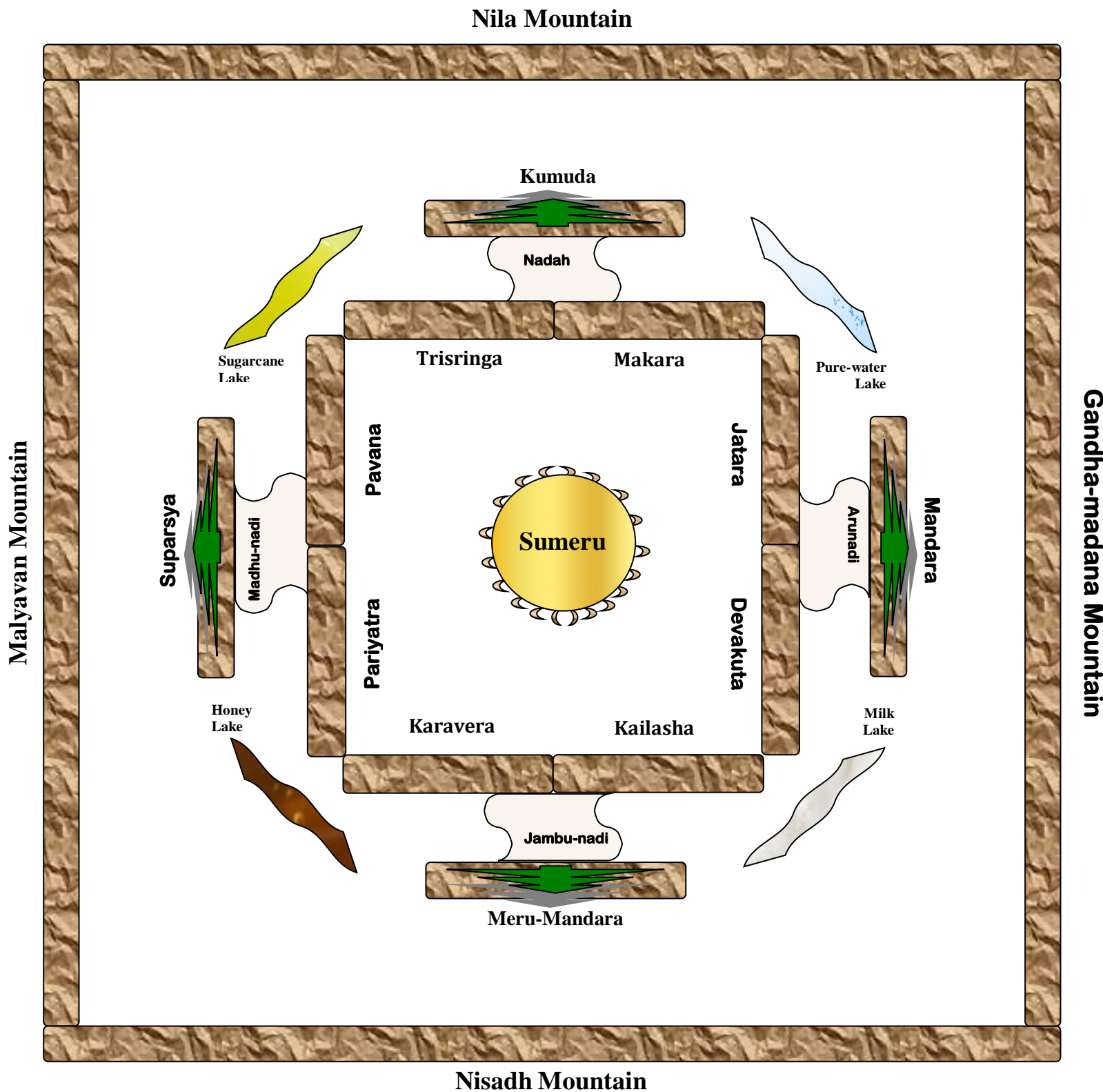
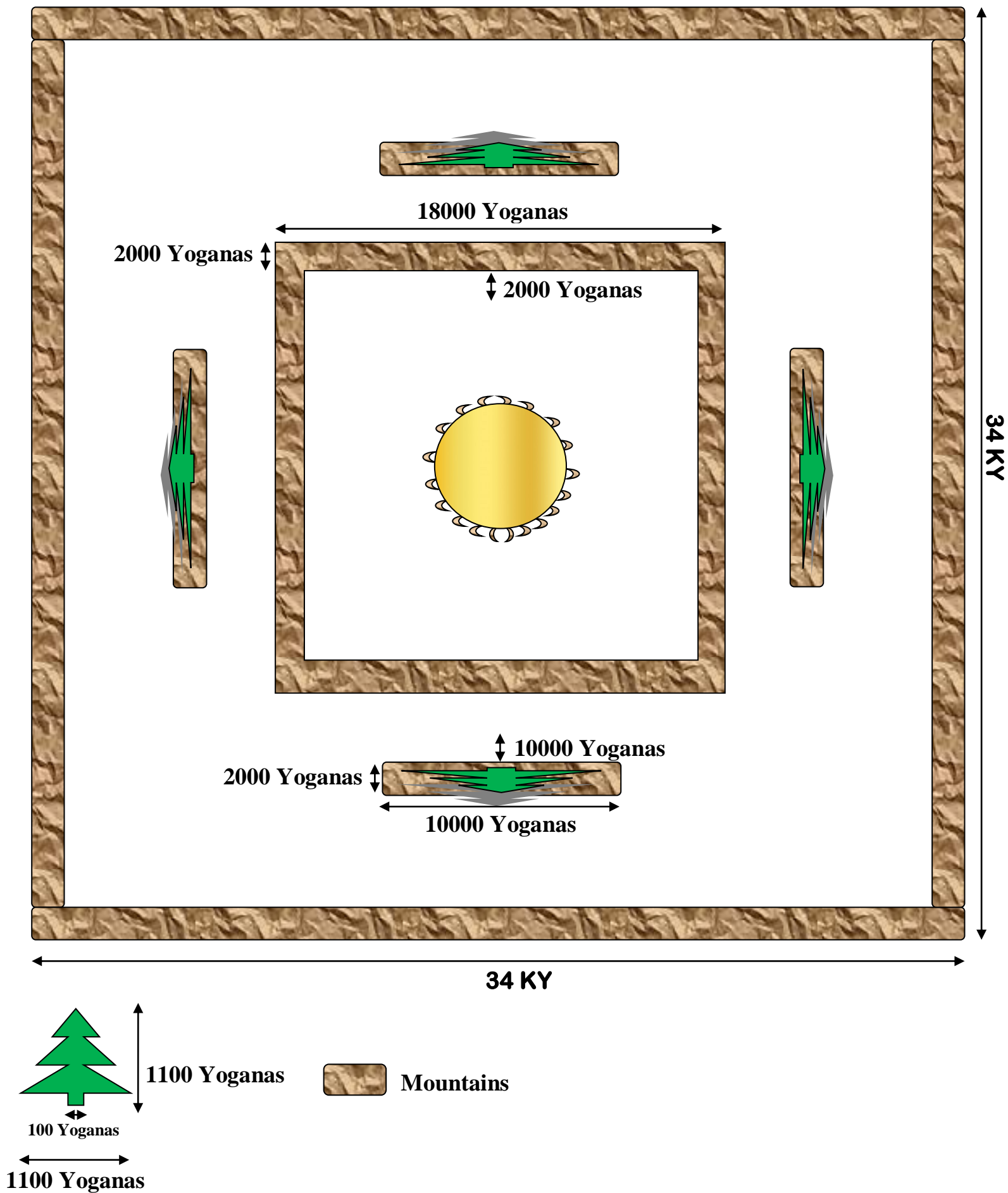


Table:4 - Description of Ilavrata-varsa

SL. NO.	Mountain	Lake	Tree	Garden	River	Supplied
1	Mandara	Milk	Mango (devachyuta)	Nandana	Arunoda	Mango juice
2	Meru- mandara	Honey	Rose Apple (Jambu)	Caitraratha	Jambunadi	Gold
3	Suparsva	Sugarcane	Burflower (Kadamba)	Vaibhrajaka	Madhunadi (5 rivers of honey)	Honey
4	Kumuda	Pure- Water	Banayan (Satabalsa)	Sarvatobhadra	Nadah (So many rivers)	Milk, Yogurt, Honey, Ghee, Ornaments, Molasses, Clothes, bedding, Sitting places

Fig:7 – Measurements of Ilavrata-varsa



**Fig:8 – Offices of important demigods on the top of Sumeru
& 19 Kesarachal Mountains**

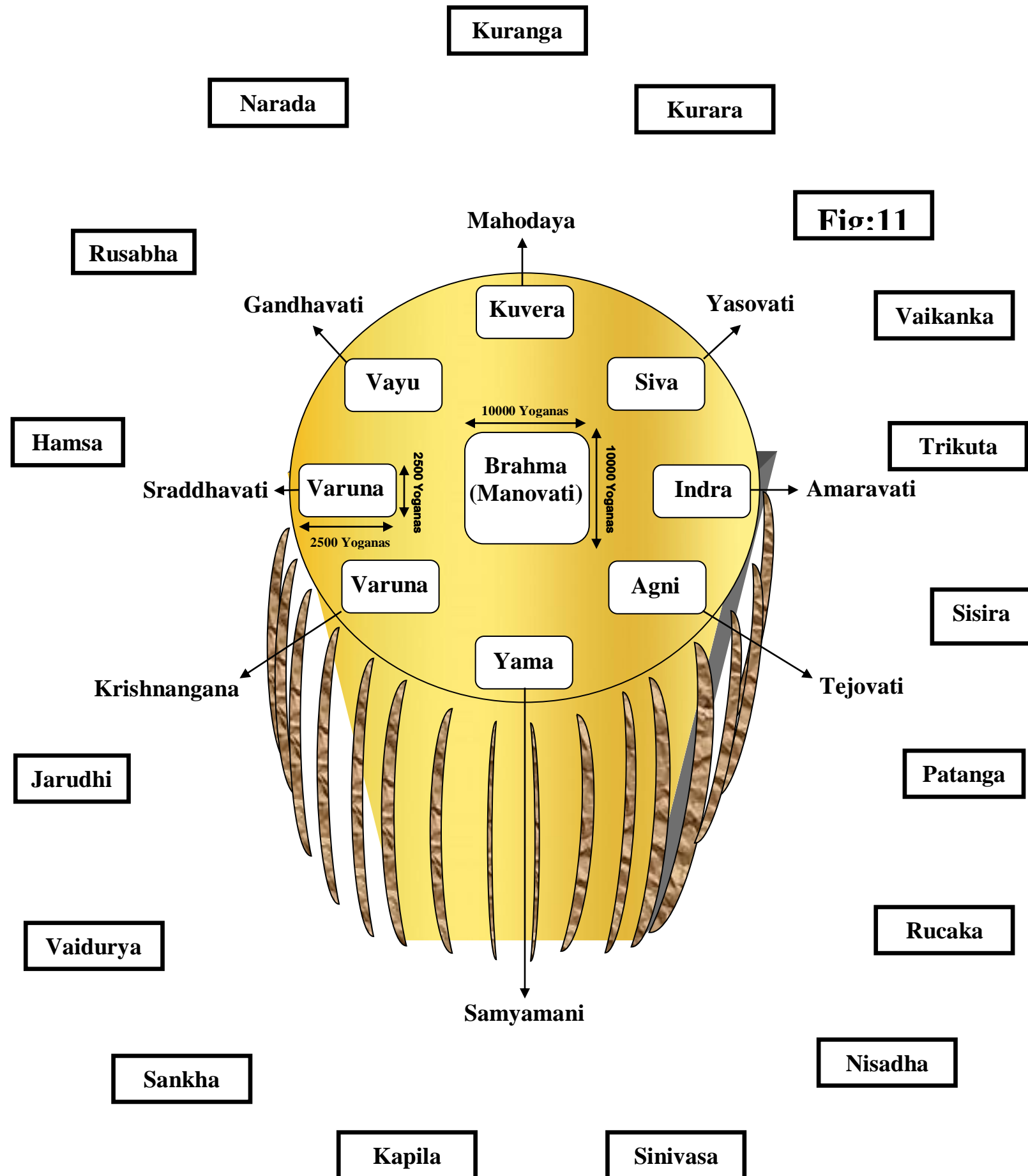
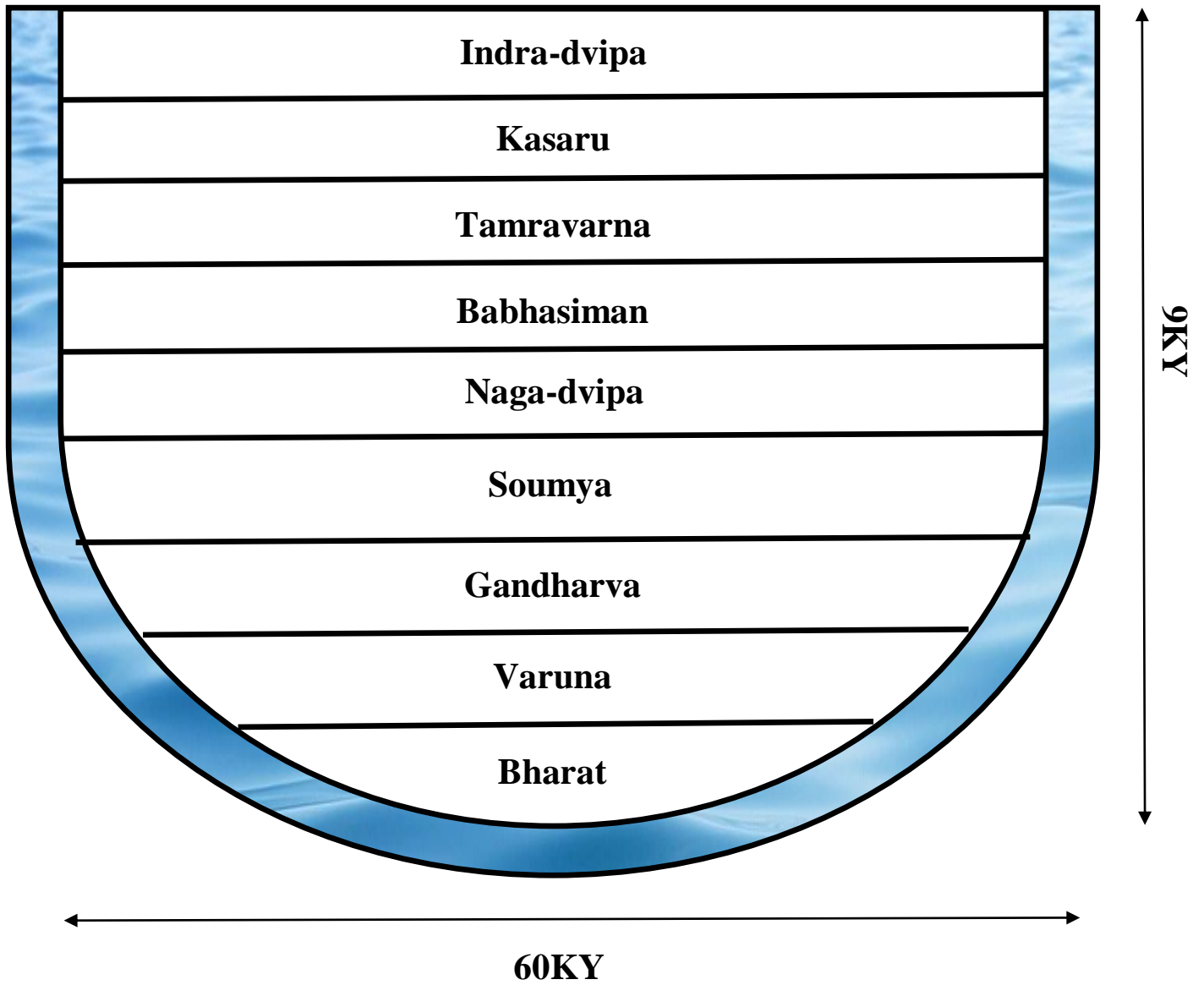


Fig:9 – Parts of Bharata-varsa



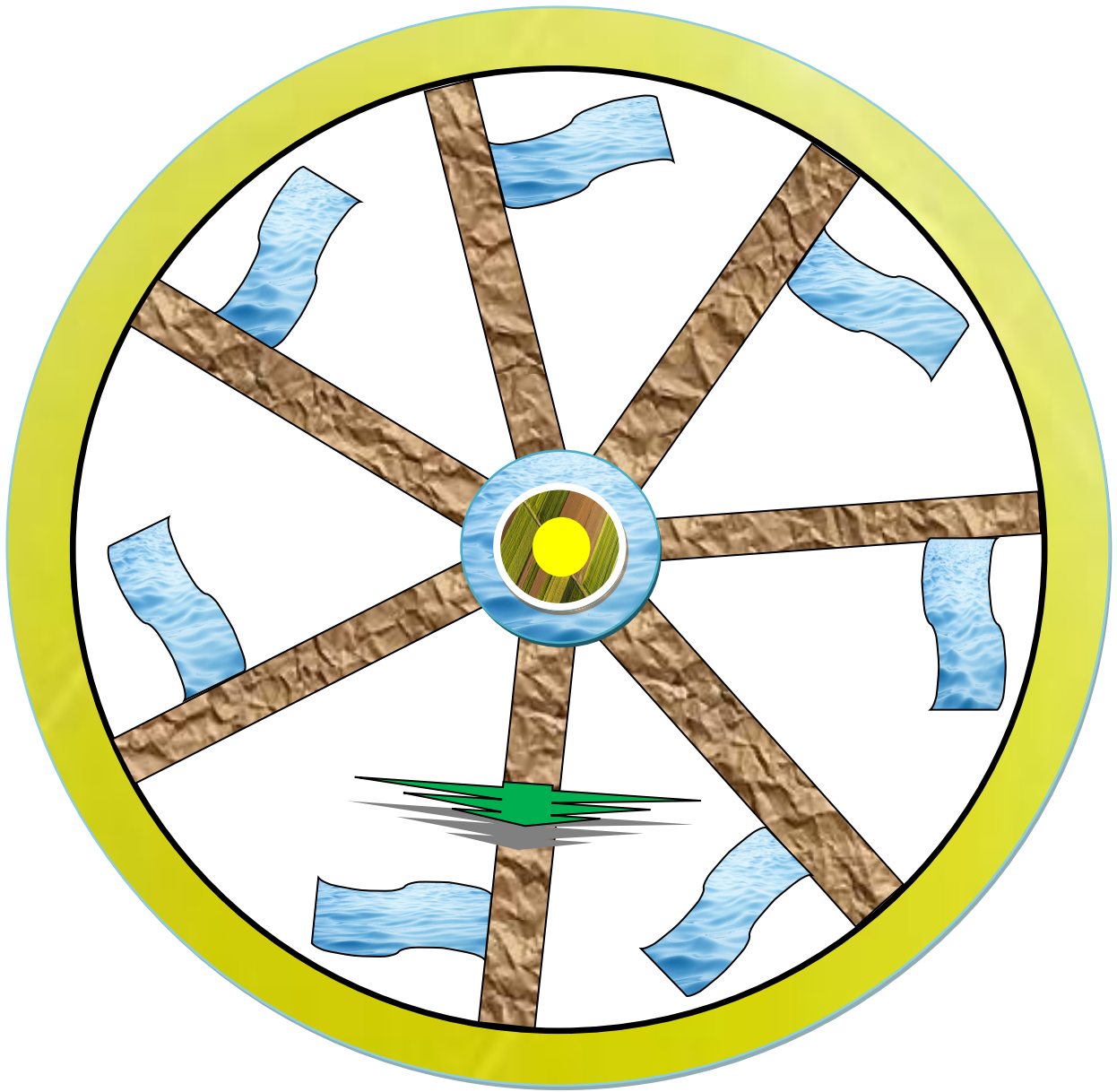
Salt Ocean

Table-5 – Description of Bharata-varsa

Sl.No.	Rulers	Parts
1	kusavarta	Indra-dvipa
2	Illavarta	Kasaru
3	Brahmavarta	Tamravarna
4	Malayaketu	Babhasiman
5	Ketu	Naga-dvipa
6	Bhadrasena	Soumya
7	Indrasprik	Gandharva
8	Vidarba	Varuna
9	Kikata	Bharat

- **Previous name of Bharata-varsa:** Ajanabha-varsa
- **Former Rulers:** Agnidhra (one of the sons of Maharaj Priyavrata)
 - ↓
 - Navi (Son of Agnidhra)
 - ↓
 - Lord Rusabhadeva (Son of Navi)
 - ↓
 - Bharata (Son of Rusabhadeva)
 - ↓
 - 9 Above mentioned Rulers (Brothers of Bharat Maharaj)

Fig:10 – Parts of Plaksadvipa



Sugarcane Ocean



Rivers



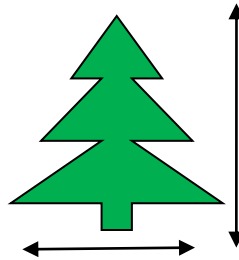
Mountains



Plaksa-tree



Island



100 Yoganass

1100 Yoganass

Table-6 – Description of Plaksa-dvipa

Sl.No.	Sons of Idhmajihva	Mountains	Rivers
1	Siva	Manikuta	Aruna
2	Yavasa	Vajrakuta	Nrumna
3	Subhadra	Indrasena	Angirasi
4	Santa	Jyotisman	Savitri
5	Ksema	Suparna	Suptabhata
6	Amruta	Hiranyasthiva	Rutambhara
7	Abhaya	Meghamala	Satyambhara

- **Symbol**: Plaksa-tree, from which the island takes its name.
- **Castes**: Hamsas, Patangas, Urdhvayanas & Satyangas
- **Administered by**: Idhmajihva (one of the sons of Maharaj Priyavrata)
- **Worship**: Sun-god (As the representative of Lord Visnu)
- **Lifespan**: 1000 years
- **Body**: Beautiful like the demigods
- **Lifespan**: 1000

Fig:11 – Parts of Salmali-dvipa

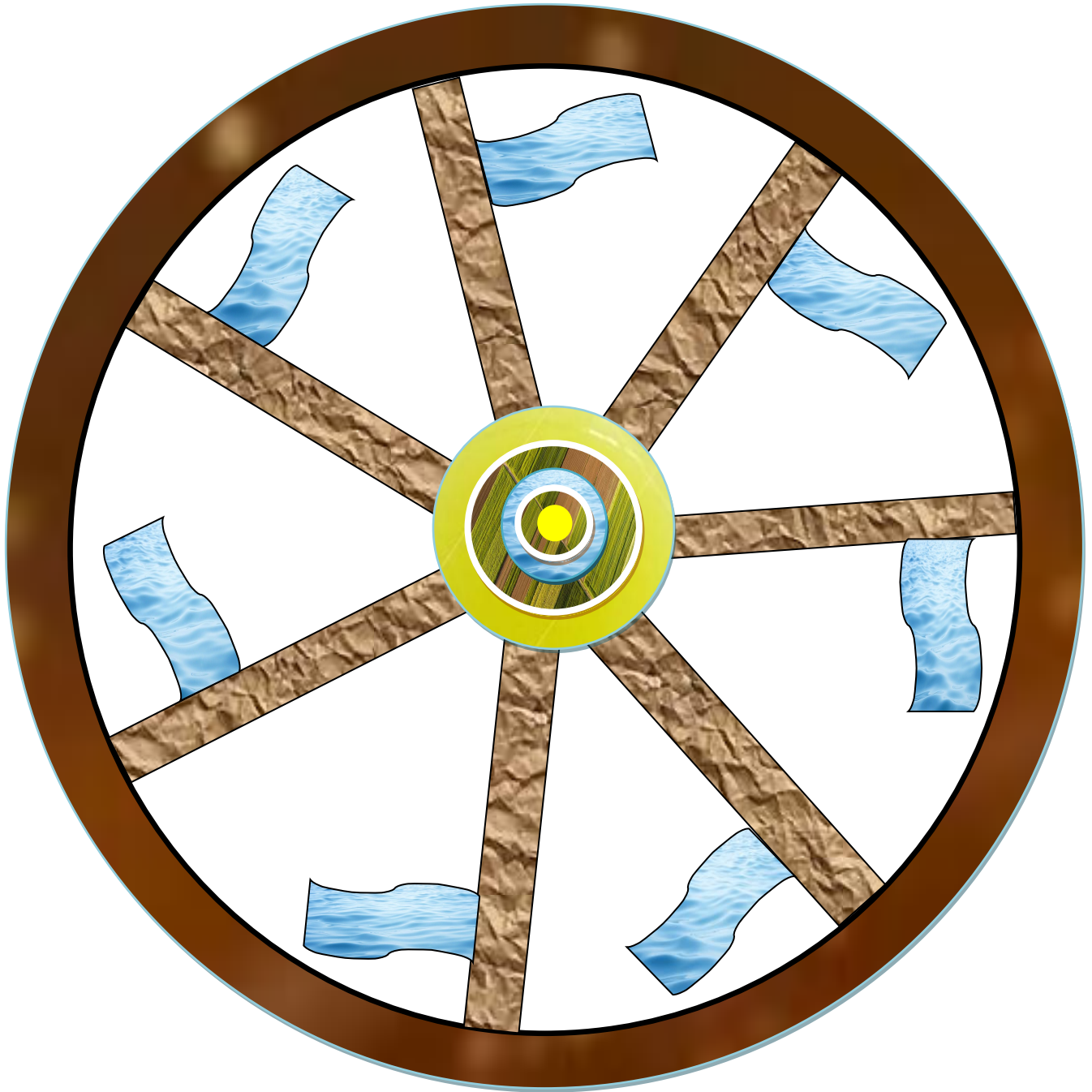
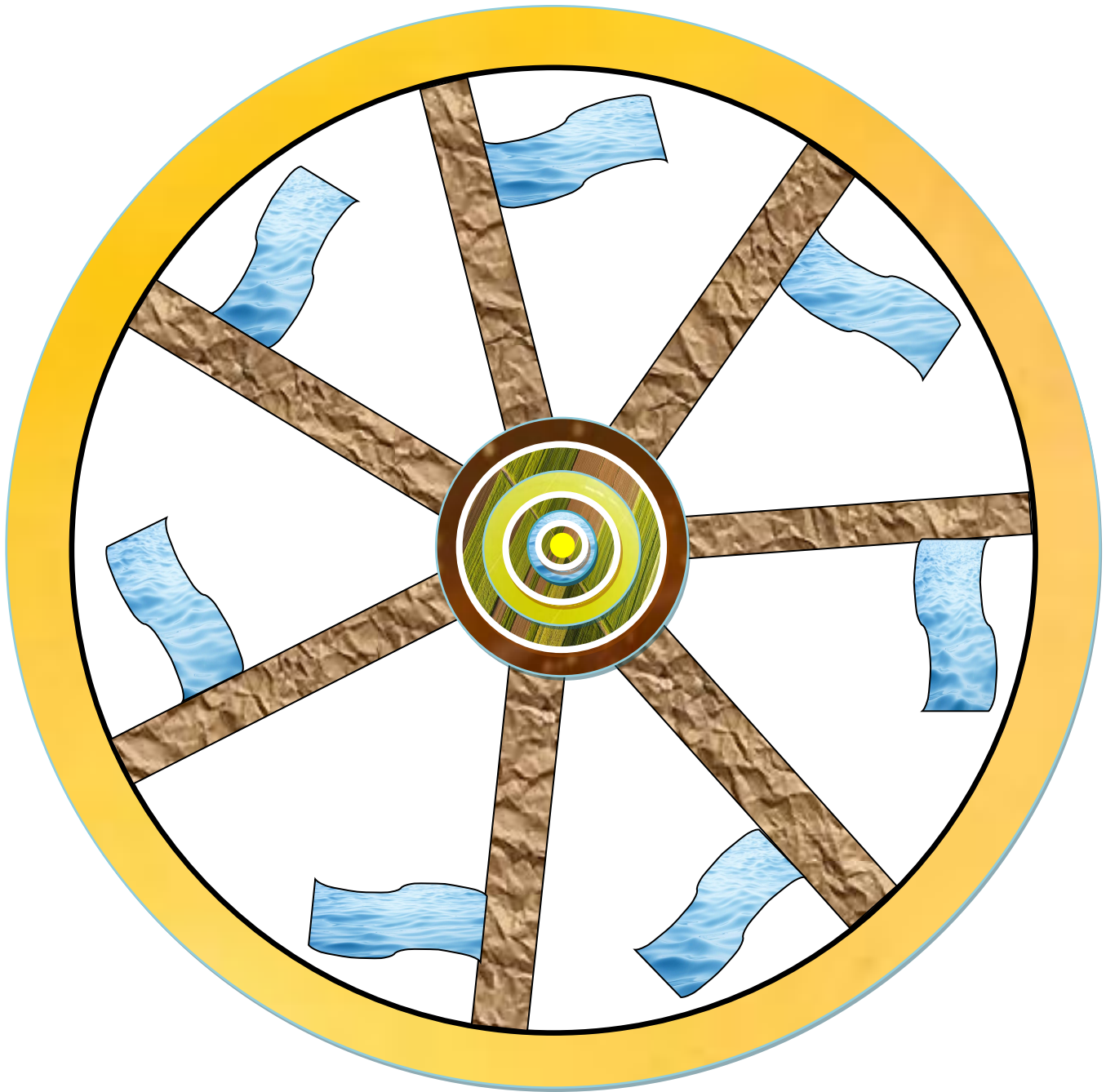


Table-7 – Description of Salmali-dvipa

Sl.No.	Sons of Yajrabahu	Mountains	Rivers
1	Surocana	Svarasa	Anumati
2	Saumanasya	Satasruna	Sinivati
3	Ramanaka	Vamadeva	Sarasvati
4	Deva-varsa	Kunda	Kuhu
5	Paribhadra	Mukunda	Rajani
6	Apyayana	Puspa-varsa	Nanda
7	Avijnata	Sahasra-sruti	Raka

- **Symbol**: Salmali-tree, from which the island takes its name.
- **Castes**: Srutidharas, Viryadharas, Vasundharas & Isandharas
- **Administered by**: Yajrabahu (one of the sons of Maharaj Priyavrata)
- **Worship**: Moon-god (As the representative of Lord Visnu)
- **Lifespan**: 1000 years
- **Resident of**: Garuda

Fig:12 – Parts of Kusa-dvipa



 **Ghee Ocean**

 **Rivers**

 **Mountains**

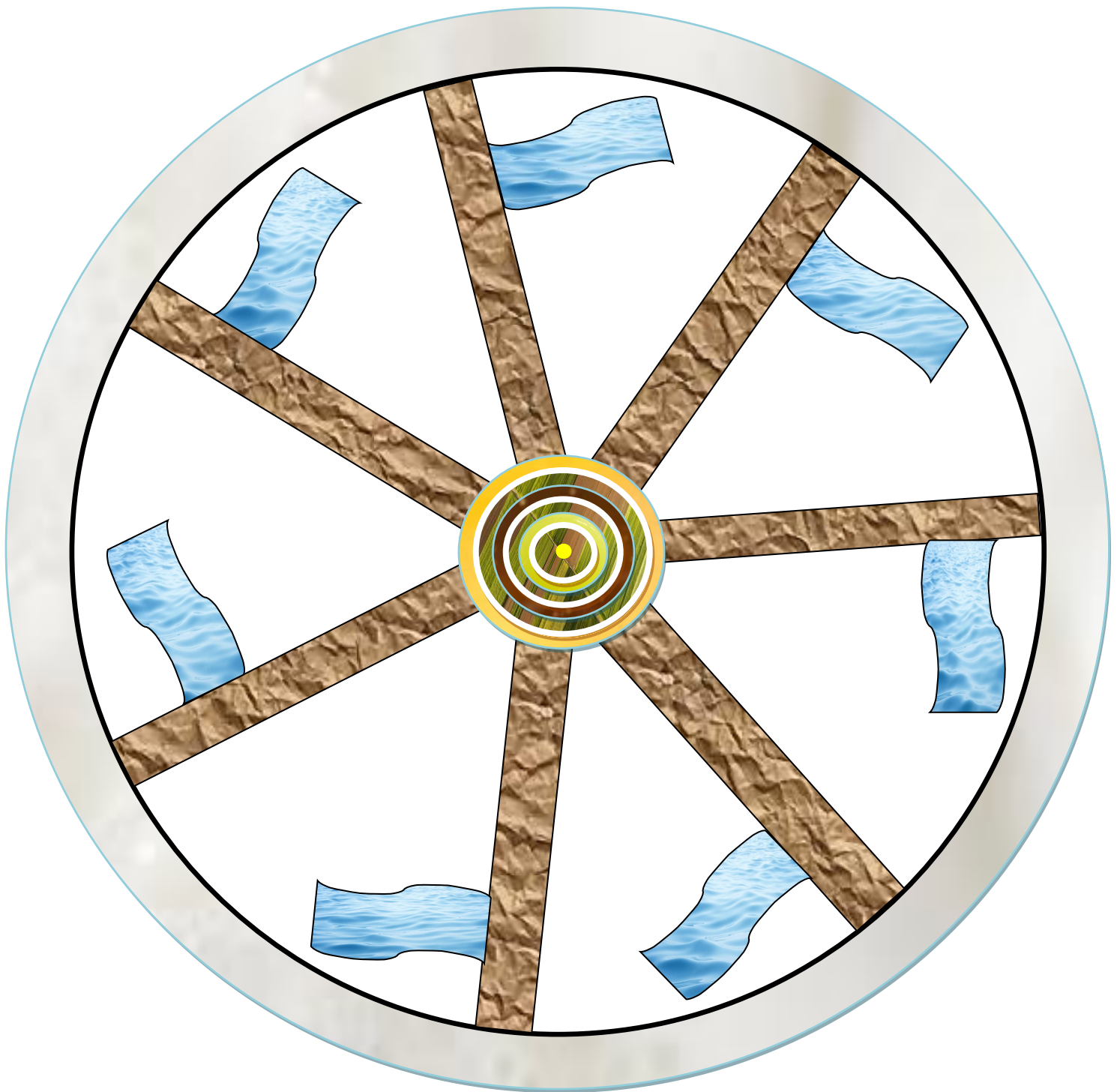
 **Island**

Table-8 – Description of Kusa-dvipa

Sl.No.	Sons of Hiranyareta	Mountains	Rivers
1	Vasu	Cakra	Ramakulya
2	Vasudana	Catuhsruna	Madhukulya
3	Drudharuci	Kapila	Mitravinda
4	Stutyavrata	Citrakuta	Srutavinda
5	Nabhigupta	Devanika	Devagarbha
6	Vivikta	Urdhvaroma	Ghrutachyuta
7	Vamadeva	Dravina	Mantramala

- **Symbol**: Clumps of Kusa-grass, from which the island takes its name.
- **Castes**: Kusalas, Kovidas, Abhiyuktas & Kulakas
- **Administered by**: Hiranyareta (one of the sons of Maharaj Priyavrata)
- **Worship**: Fire-god (As the representative of Lord Visnu)
- **Lifespan**: 1000 years

Fig:13 – Parts of Kraunca-dvipa



 **Milk Ocean**

 **Rivers**

 **Mountains**

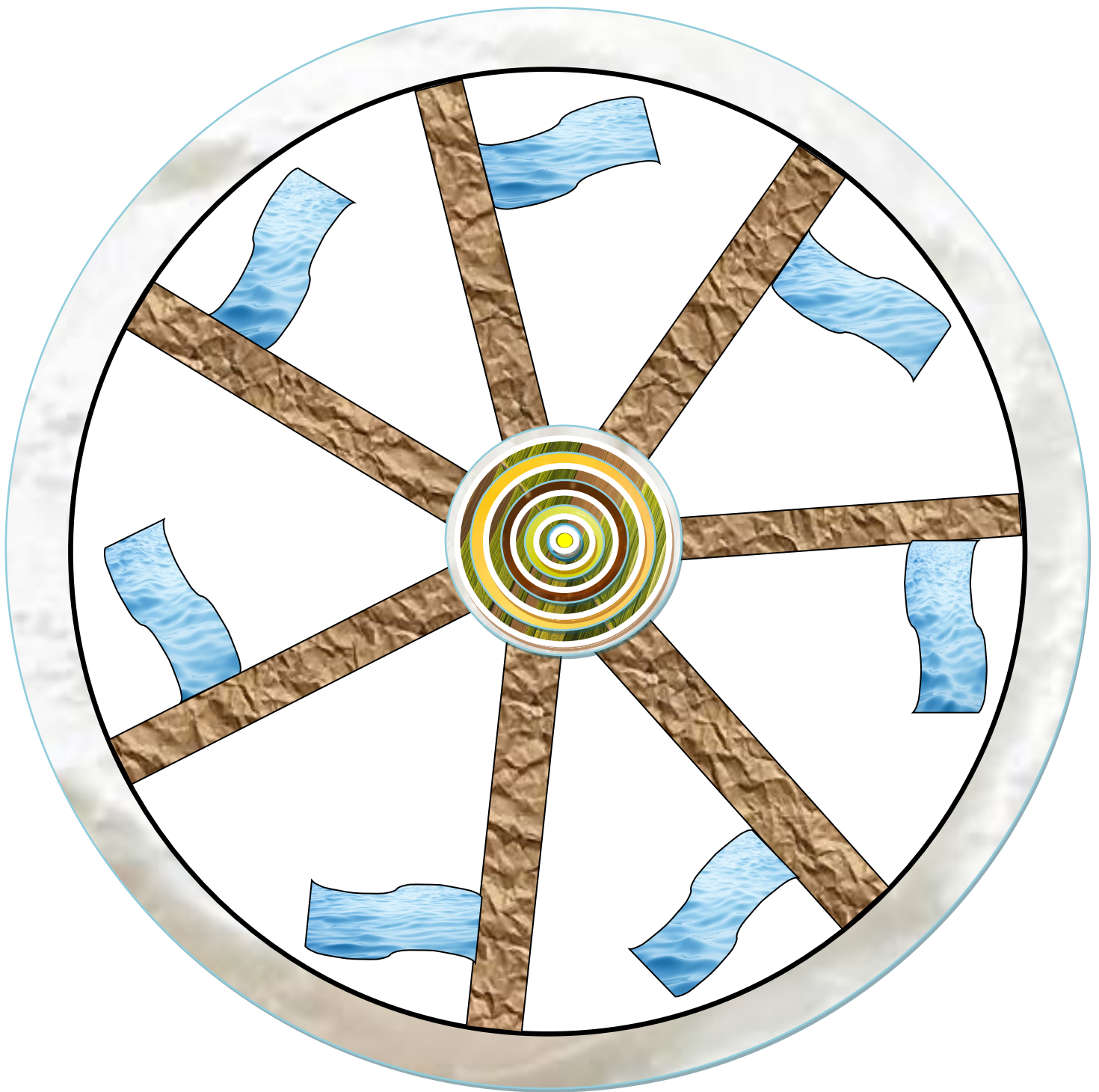
 **Island**

Table-9 – Description of Kraunca-dvipa

Sl.No.	Sons of Ghrutaprustha	Mountains	Rivers
1	Ama	Sukla	Abhaya
2	Madhuruha	Vardhamana	Amrutaugha
3	Meghaprustha	Bhojana	Aryaka
4	Sudhama	Upabarhina	Tirthavati
5	Bhrajistha	Nanda	Rupavati
6	Lohitarna	Nandana	Pavitravati
7	Vanaspati	Sarvotobhadra	Sukla

- **Symbol**: Kraunca mountain, from which the island takes its name.
- **Castes**: Purusa, rusabhas, Dravinas & Devakas
- **Administered by**: Ghrutaprustha (one of the sons of Maharaj Priyavrata)
- **Worship**: Water-god (As the representative of Lord Visnu)
- **Lifespan**: 1000 years.
- **Attacked by**: karttikeya on the slopes of Mount Kraunca

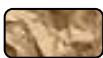
Fig:14 – Parts of Saka-dvipa



Yogurt Ocean



Rivers



Mountains



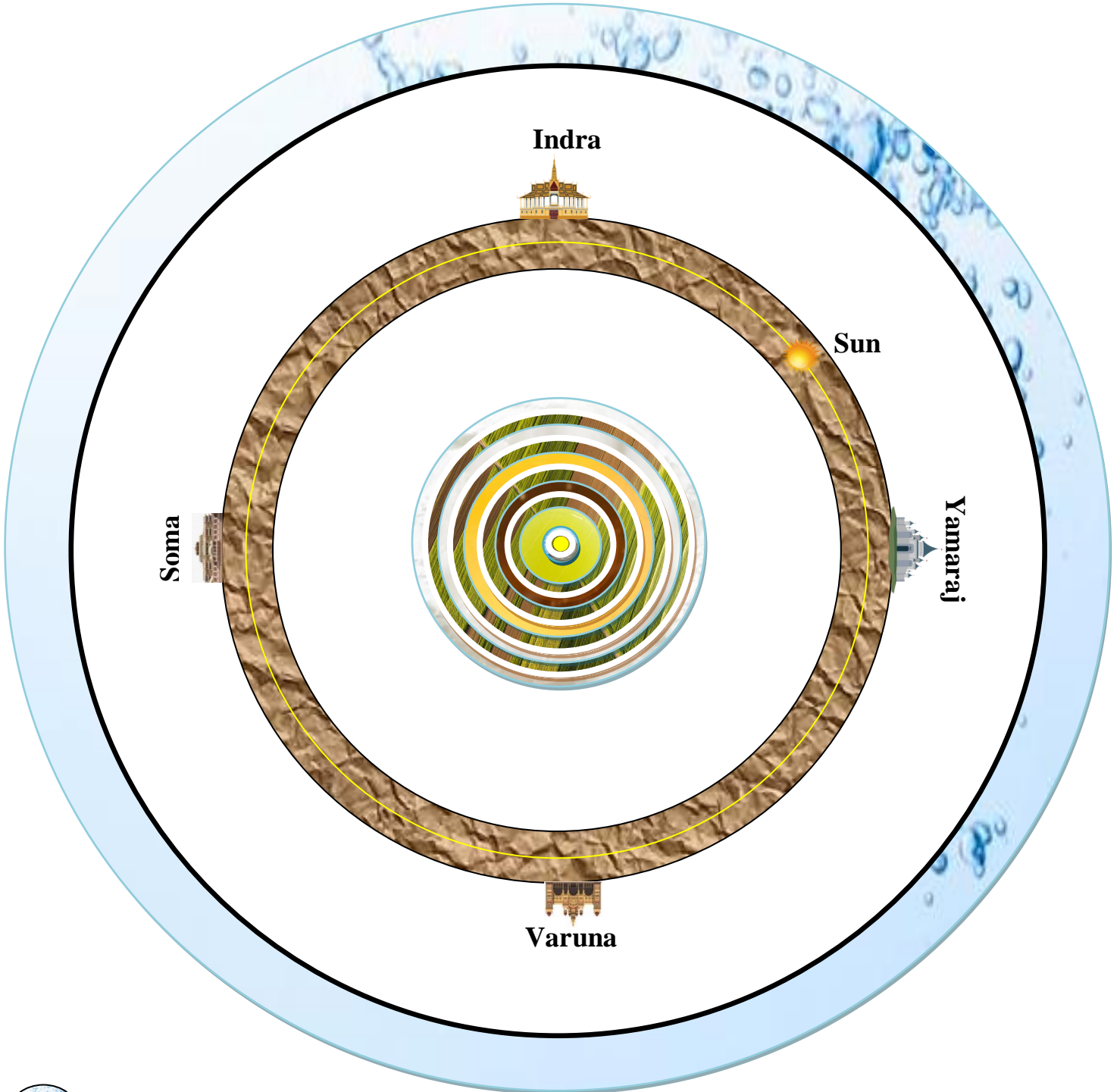
Island


Table-10 – Description of Saka-dvipa

Sl.No.	Sons of Medhatithi	Mountains	Rivers
1	Purojava	Isana	Anagha
2	Manojava	Urusrunga	Ayurda
3	Pavamana	Balabhadra	Ubhayasprusti
4	Dhumranika	Satakesara	Aparajita
5	Citrarepha	Sahasrasrota	Pancapadi
6	Bahurupa	Devapala	Sahasrasruti
7	Visvadhara	Mahanasa	Nijadhruti

- **Symbol**: Saka-tree, from which the island takes its name.
- **Castes**: Rutavrata, Satyavrata, Danavrata & Anuvrata
- **Administered by**: Medhatithi (one of the sons of Maharaj Priyavrata)
- **Worship**: Air-god (As the representative of Lord Visnu)
- **Lifespan**: 1000 years
- **Practice**: Pranayama & Mystic Yoga

Fig:15 – Parts of Puskara-dvipa



 **Tasteful water Ocean**

 **Rivers**

 **Manasottara Mountain**

 **Island**

Description of Puskara-dvipa

- **Symbol**: Great lotus flower with 10 crores golden petal, from which the island takes its name. The petals are as effulgent as the flames of fire, which is considered as the sitting place of Lord Brahma.
- **Administered by**: Vitihotra (one of the sons of Maharaj Priyavrata).
 - I. Vitihotra had 2 sons named Ramanaka & Dhataki
 - II. Vitihotra granted the 2 sides of the island to these 2 sons.
- **Worship**: Lord Brahma (As the representative of Lord Visnu)
- **Lifespan**: 1000 years
- **Manasottara Mountain**
 - I. In the middle of that island is a great mountain named Manasottara which breadth & height are 10,000 yojanas or 80,000 miles.
 - II. On that mountain, in the four directions, are the residential quarters of demigods such as Yamaraj, Varuna, Soma & Indra.
 - III. In the chariot of the Sun-god the sun travels on the top of the mountain in an orbit called the Samvatsara, encircling mount Meru.
 - IV. The sun's path on the northern side is called Uttarayana & the Sun's path on the Southern side is called Daksinayana.